Table 2. Number, median days, incidence rate¹ and relative standard errors of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses with days away from work² involving musculoskeletal disorders³ by selected parts of body, Kansas, 2001

			Median	Incidence	Relative
	Part of body	Number	days away from work	rate	standard
Tatal		F 225		F7.0	error
Total		5,225	5	57.2	5.2
1	Neck, Including Throat	80	7	0.9	24.8
10	Neck, except internal location of diseases or disorders	80	7	0.9	24.8
2	Trunk	3,359	5	36.8	5.6
21	Shoulder, including clavicle, scapula	631	5	6.9	9.6
22	Chest, including ribs, internal organs	47	3	0.5	32.1
220	Chest, except internal location of diseases or disorders	47	3	0.5	32.1
23	Back, including spine, spinal cord	2,205	4	24.1	6.3
230	Back, including spine, spinal cord, unspecified	853	3	9.3	8.6
231	Lumbar region	1,232	5	13.5	7.5
232	Thoracic region	79	2	0.9	24.9
233	Sacral region				
238	Multiple back regions	34	2	0.4	37.6
24	Abdomen	407	8	4.5	11.6
240	Abdomen, except internal location of diseases or disorders	36	3	0.4	36.4
241	Internal abdominal location, unspecified	219	20	2.4	15.3
245	Intestines, peritoneum	151	3	1.7	18.2
2450	Intestines, peritoneum, unspecified	151	3	1.7	18.2
25	Pelvic region	70	1	0.8	26.4
251	Hip(s)				
254	Groin	60	1	0.7	28.6
3	Upper extremities	1,070	10	11.7	7.9
31	Arm(s)	396	9	4.3	11.7
310	Arm(s), unspecified	46	14	0.5	32.3
311	Upper arm(s)	78	10	0.9	25.1
312	Elbow(s)	181	51	2.0	16.8
313	Forearm(s)	92	2	1.0	23.1
32	Wrist(s)	562	12	6.2	10.1
33	Hand(s), except finger(s)	43	11	0.5	33.4
34	Finger(s), fingernail(s)	32	12	0.4	38.7
38	Multiple upper extremities locations	36	7	0.4	36.4
381	Hand(s) and finger(s)				
382	Hand(s) and wrist(s)				
383	Hand(s) and arm(s)				
389	Multiple upper extremities locations, n.e.c.				
4	Lower extremities	476	6	5.2	10.8
41	Leg(s)	421	6	4.6	11.4
411	Thigh(s)				
412	Knee(s)	412	6	4.5	11.5
413	Lower leg(s)				
42	Ankle(s)				
43	Foot(feet), except toe(s)				
430	Foot(feet), except toe(s), unspecified				
432	Sole(s)				
4322	Arch(es)				

Table 2. Number, median days, incidence rate¹ and relative standard errors of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses with days away from work² involving musculoskeletal disorders³ by selected parts of body, Kansas, 2001

	Part of body	Number	Median days away from work	Incidence rate	Relative standard error
48 482 8	Multiple lower extremities locations Foot(feet) and ankle(s) Multiple Body Parts	 240	9	 2.6	 14.7

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N / EH) X 20,000,000 where,

N = number of injuries and illnesses,

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year,

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines or data for incidence rates less than .05 per 10,000 full-time workers. The scientifically selected probability sample used was one of many possible samples, each of which could have produced different estimates. A measure of sampling variability for each estimate is available upon request.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, August 07, 2003

² Days away from work include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

³ Includes cases where the nature of injury is: sprains, strains, tears; back pain, hurt back; soreness, pain, hurt, except back; carpal tunnel syndrome; hernia; or musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases and disorders and when the event or exposure leading to the injury or illness is: bodily reaction/bending, climbing, crawling, reaching, twisting; overexertion; or repetition. Cases of Raynaud's phenomenon, tarsal tunnel syndrome, and herniated spinal discs are not included. Although these cases may be considered MSD's, the survey classifies these cases in categories that also include non-MSD cases.